



## Orcelle Horizon Wind as main propulsion

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### Deliverable 1.4 - Data Management Plan

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Orcelle Horizon - Project: 101096673 — Orcelle — HORIZON-CL5-2022-D5-01 Start date: 2023-01-01 Duration: 60 months Project coordinator: Wallenius Wilhelmsen Ocean AS Coordinator contact: Vår Emilie Kjærnes, <u>varemilie.kjaernes@walwil.com</u>, tel. <u>+47 99412614</u> Norway

This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon Europe Research and Innovation program under grant no 101096673.



Funded by the European Union





#### **Document information**

| Project Acronym     | Orcelle              |  |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|
| Project No.         | 101096673            |  |
| Title               | Data Management Plan |  |
| Deliverable no.     | D1.4                 |  |
| Draft delivery data | 2024-06-28           |  |
| Dissemination level | PU                   |  |
| Deliverable type    | Data Management Plan |  |
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#### Document history:

| Version | Date of issue | Content and changes  | Edited by                           |
|---------|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1.0     | 31/10/23      | First draft          | Sofia Werner, Vår Emilie<br>Kjærnes |
| 2.0     | 28/06/2024    | No updates, one typo | Sofia Werner                        |
|         |               |                      |                                     |





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#### 1 Introduction

The Orcelle project is a Horizon Europe research and innovation project under Grant agreement HORIZON-CL5-2022-D5-01. The project's purpose is to develop and demonstrate a solution for ships using wind as main propulsion.

The present document contains the project's data management plan ('DMP') following the FAIR<sup>1</sup> principles. It will be regularly updated throughout the project's lifetime.

#### 2 Data Summary

#### 2.1 Overview

The general data management principle in the Orcelle project is that<sup>2</sup>:

- Each organisation keeps raw and analysed data according to their own practise.
- Raw and analysed data is shared between partners when it is required to solve the tasks.
- **Reported** data is shared with the other project partners via the project's Sharepoint site.
- **Reported** data is publicly disseminated after agreement with all other partners.

Table 1 specifies how data will be collected or generated, the type of data and the purpose of the collection. This table will be expanded and updated along the project lifetime.

#### 2.2 Raw measurement and simulation data

"Raw data" means unprocessed data from measurements or simulations, recordings from interview, or manual logs from other processes.

Raw data in the Orcelle project will be for example (see details in Table 1):

- Output from numerical simulations of the ship and wing performance.
- Output from various sensors connected to the physical prototype and full-scale ship.
- Recorded or transcribed interviews with industrial stakeholders and crew panels.

#### 2.3 Analysed data

"Analysed data" means raw data that is processed and analysed by, for instance, applying filters, averaging over time periods, applying statistics, selecting the most relevant or most appropriate data and discarding irrelevant data. Analysis data will be presented as graphs, diagrams, tables and other ways to visualise trends. This will mainly be used in the Orcelle project to discuss the results between the project partners.

#### 2.4 Reported data

From the analysed data, the most relevant parts will be selected to be presented in the public deliverables. This includes key performance indicators, trends and conclusions when communicating the project outcome to stakeholders outside the project. The list of deliverables is given in the Grant agreement.

<sup>2</sup> For definition of data types please refer to sections 2.2 to 2.4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>https://ec.europa.eu/research/participants/data/ref/h2020/grants\_manual/hi/oa\_pilot/h2020-hi-oa-data-mgt\_en.pdf</u>

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#### Table 1 Data summary

| WP   | Purpose   | How will it be collected<br>(collected, generated, reused)  | <b>Type</b><br>(Raw,<br>Analysed,<br>Reported) | Data source<br>(project partner,<br>external partner, other) | Data output<br>(type and format)<br>('data utility' outside your<br>project)            | Data<br>confidentiality<br>(confidential, project<br>embers only, open<br>access) |
|------|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| 2    | Assess the performance of ship/develop computational methods                        | Generated from own computations   | raw  | RISE, KTH, AW, SG,<br>NTUA, WM                               | output from CFD codes,<br>numerical simulations   | confidential  |
| 2    | Assess the performance of ship/develop computational methods                        | Generated from own computations   | analysed                                       | RISE, KTH, AW, SG,<br>NTUA, WM                               | Graphic representation and tables of analysed data                                      | All project members   |
| 2    | Conclusions on performance assessment methods and<br>design methods                 |   | reported                                       | RISE, KTH, AW, SG,<br>NTUA, WM                               | Reports, articles   | Open access   |
| 4    | Input to business case framework (4.1) and ORCELLE<br>Wind case study (4.2) through | interviews and documentation of<br>processes and performance data                                   | Raw  | WW, Volvo  | Interview transcriptions and<br>documents   | Confidential  |
| 4    | business case framework and case study (4.1 & 4.2)                                  | Own analysis  | Analysed                                       | RISE   | Analysed results  | All project members   |
| 4    | Final results of business case framework and case study (4.1 & 4.2)                 |   | reported                                       | RISE   | Report deliverable 4.1 and 4.2  | Open Access   |
| 5    | Develop crew training programs  | Generated in crew panel sessions  | raw  | RISE, AW, WM, WW & crew panels                               | Data logs from simulations<br>and interviews with crew<br>panel                         | Confidential  |
| 5    | Develop crew training programs  | Own analysis  | Analysed                                       | RISE, AW, WM, WW & crew panels                               | Analysed results from<br>simulations and anonymised<br>interviews with crew panel       | All project members   |
| 5    | Develop crew training programs  |   | reported                                       | RISE, AW, WM, WW & crew panels                               | Reports, articles   | Open access   |
| 3    | Assess the performance of wing sail/develop<br>computational methods                | Generated from own computations   | raw  | UGent  | output from FEA models,<br>numerical simulations  | confidential  |
| 3    | Assess the performance of wing sail/develop<br>computational methods                | Generated from own computations   | analysed                                       | UGent  | Graphic representation and tables of analysed data                                      | All project members   |
| 3    | Numerical framework for structural integrity<br>assessment                          |   | Reported                                       | UGent  | Report deliverable 3.2 and articles   | Open-access   |
| 6    | Tanker case study data  | Generated from own computations<br>on the basis of parent ship data<br>provided by external partner | reported                                       | NTUA, Thenamaris, AW   | Report deliverable 6.X  | confidential  |
| 6    | Containership case study data   | Generated from own computations<br>on the basis of parent ship data<br>provided by external partner | reported                                       | NTUA, Bernhard Schulte,<br>AW                                | Report deliverable 6.X  | confidential  |
| 6    | Bulk carrier case study data  | Generated from own computations<br>on the basis of parent ship data<br>provided by external partner | reported                                       | NTUA, TSAKOS NT, AW  | Report deliverable 6.X  | confidential  |
| 6, 7 | Design methods and case studies   |   | reported                                       | NTUA, WM, AW,<br>external partners of case<br>studies        | Summary reports, articles, presentations  | public  |
| 6    | Case study ship drawings and reports (background)                                   | Provided by ship operators/owners<br>(external partners)  | Reported                                       | ship operators/owners  | drawings and reports in pdf<br>format   | Confidential, maybe<br>shared with owner's<br>written permission                  |
| 6    | Ship operational data (background)  | Provided by ship operators/owners<br>(external partners)  | raw  | ship operators/owners  | High (resp. low) frequency<br>data collected onboard by<br>sensors (resp. noon reports) | Confidential, maybe<br>shared with owner's<br>written permission                  |





| WP   | Purpose   | How will it be collected<br>(collected, generated, reused) | <b>Type</b><br>(Raw,<br>Analysed,<br>Reported) | Data source<br>(project partner,<br>external partner, other) | Data output<br>(type and format)<br>('data utility' outside your<br>project) | Data<br>confidentiality<br>(confidential, project<br>embers only, open<br>access) |
|------|---|--|--|--|--|---|
| 6    | Ship operational data (simulated)   | Own analysis   | Analysed                                       | NTUA   | Analysed results from raw<br>data  | project members   |
| 6    | Ship performance data from systematic calculations  | Generated from own computations                            | raw  | NTUA   | output from CFD codes,<br>numerical simulations                              | confidential  |
| 6, 2 | Surrogate models for preliminary assessment of ship<br>performance  | Generated from own computations                            | Analysed                                       | NTUA   | ANNs, regression<br>polynomials  | project members   |
| 6    | Ship data from DOE or optimization studies  | Generated from own computations                            | raw  | NTUA   | output from CFD codes,<br>numerical simulations                              | confidential  |
| 2    | Gap analysis on international regulations and Class<br>Rules  | Generated by own interviews                                | Raw  | DNV  | Manual log   | Confidential  |
| 2    | Gap analysis on international regulations and Class<br>Rules  | Own analysis   | Analysed                                       | DNV, RISE, KTH, AW, SG,<br>NTUA, WM                          | Analysed results   | All project members   |
| 2    | Gap analysis on international regulations and Class<br>Rules  |  | Reported                                       | DNV, RISE, KTH, AW, SG,<br>NTUA, WM                          | Report   | Open access   |
| 7    | Collection of news etc. from other partners, turned in to communication, dissemination, and exploitation material | Shared documents, email                                    | reported                                       | Project partners   | Articles, reports, news  | Open access   |
|      |   |  |  |  |  |   |

#### 3 Data management

- 3.1 Repository and data security
- 3.1.1 Raw and analysed data

Each project partner takes responsibility for storing the raw and analysed data in secured repositories including data recovery following each organisation's Quality manual.

#### 3.1.2 Reported data

The lead project partner WalWil is responsible for the data security of the common repository, the Sharepoint site. Reported data will be stored during the project lifespan and 5 years after.

#### 3.2 IP of data within the project

Data ownership and ownership of results are covered by the Grant Agreement and the Consortium agreement Section 8.

#### 3.3 Data accessibility

#### 3.3.1 Non-open data

In principle all raw and analysed data are stored at the repository of the partner who collected or generated it. It is to be treated as confidential data due to commercial interests or personal integrity reasons. Some raw data will be open, see 3.3.4.

#### 3.3.2 Sharing data between partners

The analysed data will be shared with other project partners when needed to perform the tasks. Transfer of data can be done via a secure file transfer or email, depending on the data size, classification and each organisations Quality Manual. All analysed data is assumed sensitive.

The Consortium agreement Section 10 describes how confidential and sensitive data will be shared between partners. In short:

All information which is disclosed between partners in connection with the project implementation, and which cannot reasonably be assumed to be public information, is "Confidential Information" until 5 years after the end of the project. (See Consortium agreement Section 10)

#### 3.3.3 Data open to project participants

All deliverables listed in the in the Grant Agreement will be made available to the project participants and the European Commission via the projects Sharepoint site and the Funding and Tenders Portal. Only identified personal at the partners organisations have access to the Sharepoint site via secure login.

#### 3.3.4 Data open to public

Open dissemination of project results is regulated in Consortium agreement Section 8.6.2:

During the Project and for a period of 1 year after the end of the Project, the dissemination of own Results by one or several Parties including but not restricted to publications and





presentations, shall be governed by the procedure of Article 17.4 of the Grant Agreement and its Annex 5, Section Dissemination, subject to the following provisions.

Prior notice, including all relevant material, of any planned publication shall be given to the other Parties at least 45 calendar days before the publication. Any objection to the planned publication shall be made in accordance with the Grant Agreement by written notice to the Coordinator and to the Party or Parties proposing the dissemination within 30 calendar days after receipt of the notice. If no objection is made within the time limit stated above, the publication is permitted, in accordance with the notice given.

The deliverables marked as "Public" in the Grant Agreement will be made public via the project's webpage for 5 years after the project ends, as well as the EC's CORDIS website (except for deliverables related to project management).

The project will also publish articles, present at conferences, webinars and similar according to Deliverable 7.2.

Scientific publications describing the research, development of methods and general knowledge relevant to the scientific and industrial community shall be published continuously throughout the project lifetime. The project will strive for publishing open data sets to make the scientific publications reproducible and other data sets that is useful for the research community.

A register of data that is made available to the public will be kept by the project lead partner, including version recording.

Data that the consortium agree to be public will be made available through the EC's open research platform. The project lead partner will provide a link on the project website to the data and make the scientific community aware of the location of the data through news items on the website.

#### 3.4 Project internal metadata

Most of the technical data in the project describes or relates to the prototype designs. The design of these prototypes will evolve during the project life. Each organisation uses version handling and naming systems according to their own Quality Manual for data that stay within the organisation. To avoid misunderstandings when several partners work on the same objects, the project also uses a common version handling system for the prototypes. This consist of a unique number which is used when naming the geometry definition (eg CAD drawings) and for the computation output and measurements datafiles related to them.

The partner that is responsible for the design of the prototype, is also responsible for its metadata. This is done by keeping an updated list of the versions with a short description and naming of cad files. The various parts included in the common version handing system are listed in Table 2.

#### Example

- As an example, a given rig version for Orcelle is S7.4, which is a combination of six W7.0 wings.
- Alfawall Oceanbird keeps the list of the different versions of wings and rigs, and their geometrical definitions.
- RISE performs a computation with the purpose of assessing the performance of S7.4. The output datafiles containing the raw data and the analysed data contain the reference to S7.4, and a unique version number of the output.





#### Table 2. Metadata of prototypes

| Geometrical Object                | Index | Responsible partner |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------------|
| Wing                              | W     | AW                  |
| Rig (combinations of wings)       | S     | AW                  |
| Hull                              | Н     | WM                  |
| Rudder                            | R     | WM                  |
| Propeller                         | Р     | WM                  |
| Superstructure                    | SU    | WM                  |
| Vessel (combination of all parts) | V     | WM                  |

#### 3.5 Version keeping

Version tracking is carried out for all types of data. For data that is shared between partners, changes compared to the prior version is to be detailed and numbered to easily keep track of the versions. When publishing new versions of data, the old version is either removed or accompanied by a comment that a newer version of the data is available.

#### 3.6 Traceability

Each partner is responsible for the traceability of the raw and analysed data. That means that:

- Raw data is accompanied with information on sensors, measurement set-up, computational set-up, codes version etc such that it can be reproduced if needed.
- Analysed data is accompanied with link to the raw data, method for analysing such as filtering, averaging, assumptions and possibly anonymised if it contains sensitive information.
- Reported data refers to the source of analysed data set.

#### 4 Other research outputs

The Consortium Agreement Section 8 states that results are owned by the Party/Parties that generates them. Especially mentioned is the Logistic Software which shall be owned by WWO (Section 8.1 in Consortium Agreement)

#### 5 Allocation of resources

The project lead partner WalWil is responsible for the overall data management, the platform for sharing data within the project and the webpage for sharing data with the public.